



## Product Datasheet

<b>Product Name</b>	Recombinant Prolactin Soluble Receptor Rainbow Trout
<b>Cata No</b>	CB501266
<b>Source</b>	<i>Escherichia Coli.</i>
<b>Synonyms</b>	PRL-R.

### Description

Prolactin is a pituitary hormone involved in the stimulation of milk production, salt and water regulation, growth, development and reproduction. The initial step in its action is the binding to a specific membrane receptor (prolactin receptor) which belongs to the superfamily of class 1 cytokine receptors. The function of the prolactin receptor is mediated, at least in part, by two families of signaling molecules: Janus kinases and signal transducers and activators of transcription. Prolactin (PRL) is a hormone involved in a variety of important functions including ion transport and osmoregulation, stimulation of milk, protein synthesis as well as the regulation of numerous reproductive functions. PRL exerts its influence on different cell types through a signal transduction pathway which begins with the binding of the hormone to a transmembrane PRL receptor. Immunoreactive PRL receptor, a member of the cytokine receptor family, varies in size (short and long forms) with tissue source and species, from ~40 kDa to 100 kDa. The PRL receptor consists of at least three separate domains: an extracellular region with 5 cysteines which contains the prolactin binding site, a single transmembrane domain and a cytoplasmic region, the length of which appears to influence ligand binding and regulate cellular function. Prolactin Receptor Rainbow produced in E.Coli is a Trout Extra Cellular Domain Recombinant non-glycosylated, Polypeptide chain containing 210

amino acids and having a molecular mass of 24034 Dalton.

The Prolactin Receptor is purified by proprietary chromatographic techniques.

### Physical Appearance

Sterile Filtered White lyophilized (freeze-dried) powder.

### Biological Activity

Activity is determined by the dose-dependant inhibition of Prolactin-stimulated proliferation of Nb2 cells and by high affinity binding of oPLR and other lactogenic hormones.

### Purity

Greater than 97.0% as determined by:  
(a) Analysis by RP-HPLC.  
(b) Analysis by SDS-PAGE.

### Formulation

The protein was lyophilized from a concentrated (1mg/ml) solution with 0.0045mM NaHCO<sub>3</sub>.

### Reconstitution

It is recommended to reconstitute the lyophilized PRL-R in sterile 18MΩ-cm H<sub>2</sub>O not less than 100µg/ml, which can then be further diluted to other aqueous solutions.

### Stability

**\* For Non-Clinical Research Use Only \***



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Lyophilized PRL-R although stable at room temperature for 3 weeks, should be stored desiccated below -18°C. Upon reconstitution Prolactin Receptor should be stored at 4°C between 2-7 days and for future use below -18°C.

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### Sequence

The sequence of the first five N-terminal amino acids was determined and was found to be Ala-Arg-His-Thr-Pro.

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